

HIGH EFFICIENCY HEAT RECOVERY UNIT





- ErP 2018
- Heat recovery efficiency above 85%
- Air flows from 1.000 to 8.000 m³/h
- EC fans adjustable with 0... 10V signal



The heat recovery units in the HE-HRU range by Roccheggiani meet change of air and energy saving requirements in a wide range of applications. Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC requires the control of air quality through the use of forced ventilation for the change of air, causing however greater energy consumption and an increase in costs.

The units are equipped with heat recovery units with aluminium plates and high-efficiency cross flows. The exchange surface of the heat recovery device is very large in proportion to its volume. This feature enables greater yields compared to other types of heat exchanger, reaching efficiencies of 85%, with the advantage of a low pressure drop and extremely modest dimensions for units with considerable air flow rates.

The high level of recovered heat allows the use of normal heating/cooling systems to be considerably reduced with obvious economic advantages. To cover a vast range of applications, these units are available in 5 sizes, with nominal air flows from 1.000 to 8.000 m³/h and available operating static pressure of 300 Pa.

A rapid selection software is available.





 $Publication: Technical \ Bulletin \ for \ high-efficiency \ heat \ recovery \ unit \ (HE-HRU)$

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Regulatory Compliance

All HE-HRU heat recovery units are tested before shipment. The Company's Quality System has been certified UNI EN ISO 9001 since 1996. In 2014 the Company was awarded UNI EN ISO 14001 Environmental Management certification. Over the years numerous certifications have been obtained for the various Roccheggiani product ranges from the most important European bodies (TÜV, EUROVENT, Istituto Giordano, VKF-AEAI, GOST, Achilles JQS, etc.). More specifically, the HE-HRU heat recovery units are designed and manufactured in accordance with the following reference provisions:

- Directive 2006/42/EU Machinery;
- Directive 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC);
- Directive 2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive (LVD);
- Directive 2014/68/EU PED;
- Directive 2009/125/EU EcoDesign;
- Regulation (EU) No. 1253/2014 (ErP);
- UNI EN 1886:2008.

Application fields

The heat recovery units in the HE-HRU range have been designed to respond in a specialised manner to a wide spectrum of applications and are particularly suitable for the following applications:



Hotel



Sports facilities



Wellness centres



Supermarkets



Medium-to-large centres



shopping



Shops



Air solutions

Roccheggiani provides complete systems, taking care of their production and, upon request, of the installation of all components.

The aim is to offer our customers the most appropriate solution so as to satisfy every need related to air quality and to the wellness of users in several application fields

The Roccheggiani solutions are capable of guaranteeing excellent values in terms of Total Life Cost and they represent the best choice for those who are making investments in the construction or use of buildings.

High efficiency hydronic air conditioning with TCU fan coil terminal units.

Roccheggiani has designed this solution for air conditioning in individual, independent spaces such as offices.

The system consists of a multi-purpose unit for the generation of hot and cold fluids, a heat recovery unit with a control system on board the machine, capable of renewing the air required by the structure and by TCU ductable terminal units which ensure heat regulation inside the rooms.

More specifically, the system includes a multi-purpose unit from the NRE-MPU range, a high-efficiency, heat recovery unit from the HE-HRU range and the terminal air handling unit from the TCU range.

System for the generation of hot and cold fluids

Primary air handling system

Air handling and distribution system











The compactness, silent operation, the high static pressure available and the high air flow are all features that make the TCU ductable terminal unit particularly suitable for office applications.

The primary air provided by the air handling unit is sent directly to the TCU terminal unit, which has a height of just 280 mm and as such is specifically designed to be installed inside false ceilings.

Any type of diffuser connected to the TCU unit by means of thermally and acoustically-isolated flexible ducts can be used for the supply and return air sections. A recommended solution provides for the use of DER swirl diffusers as supply terminals and DIF linear-slot diffusers as return terminals



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Advantages

- Thanks to the high static pressure capacity available at the mouth of the supply fan, TCU terminal units can be installed away from the area requiring air conditioning (usually corridors), thus allowing easy maintenance outside occupied rooms.
- Their particular "U"-shaped construction form means that supply and return can be on the same side of the unit; this considerably simplifies the distribution of ducting in the area.
- Using a TCU terminal unit brings together high performance levels and low power consumption.
- Nessun limite di potenzialità disponibile.
- Exceptional plant-engineering flexibility: if the layout of the rooms needs to be changed, you only have to move the flexible ducts.





Description of the Unit and main components

Casing

The Anticorodal UNI 9006/1 6060 aluminium profiles of the structure are specially shaped to improve safety and the corner couplings are made of fibreglass-reinforced nylon. The panels have a sandwich structure in pre-coated metal sheet with expanded high density polyurethane foam insulation (about 40 kg/m³).

The internal panel surface is manufactured with a special shaping, which in coupling with the profile creates a single flush surface, improving the air-handling efficiency characteristics and making cleaning and maintenance operations far easier and safer.

In line with requirements and the installation site, one can choose the thickness of the exterior panelling and thus the related profiles from two formats: panels with thickness of 25 mm and 40 mm profiles, or 54 mm panels and the relative 70 mm profiles. The units are also fitted with inspection doors with handles that allow easy access to components.

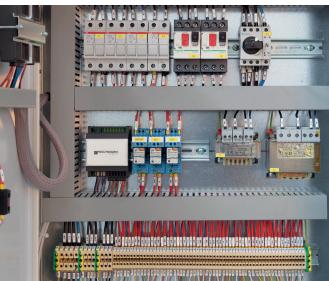
All units are supplied with a galvanised steel base, 140 mm high, which facilitates transport and handling operations and also ensures perfectly level installation. Units that are installed externally will be provided with a covered shelter in galvanised steel that fits closely to the profile.

Heat recovery unit

Air-air heat exchangers with cross flows, consisting of aluminium plates and typical performance above 85% and sized to achieve reduced air pressure drops. Frame in aluminium with non-silicon sealant. Maximum pressure differential 1500 Pa, operating temperature from -40°C to 80°C

Airtightness tests are performed for each recovery unit with the issue of a certificate applied to the component.





Fan sections

In order for the supply of handled air and the discharge of stale air, there are EC plug fans with reverse blades that have electronic rotation speed control, allow substantial energy savings compared to conventional double-suction ventilation systems and do not involve belt and pulley transmission, improving both reliability and durability.

Thermal contacts are provided in the motor windings for protection against overheating during operation: the maximum air temperature allowed onto the motor during operation is 55°C.

Electronic speed control, typically from 10% to 100% allows ample margins for adjustment to the characteristics of the plant and ensures comfort during operation of the unit.

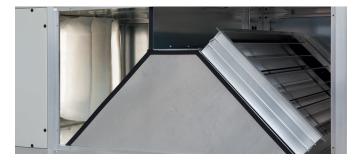
Fully compliant with Directive 2014/35/EU and Directive 2014/30/EU. In addition, a fully-wired electrical box is supplied with both fans with 0-10 V analogue input to control the flow rate.

Filters

There are two filters used on the air supply section, positioned near the fresh air intake: the first is a pleated filter with efficiency Coarse 55% - ISO 16890 (formerly G4 – EN 779), coupled to a rigid-bag filter with efficiency ePM2.5 70% - ISO 16890 (formerly F7 – EN 779).

The filter placed in the return is also a bag filter with efficiency ePM10 50% - ISO16890 (formerly M5 – EN 779). All filters can be pulled out from the side.



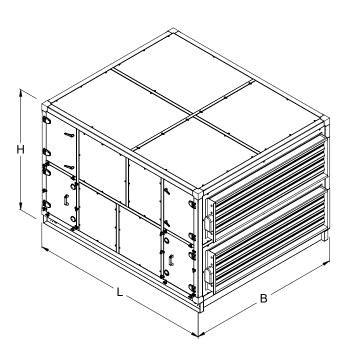


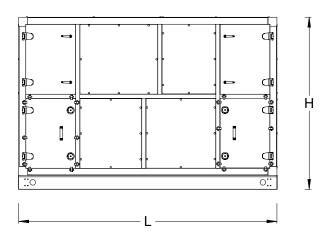


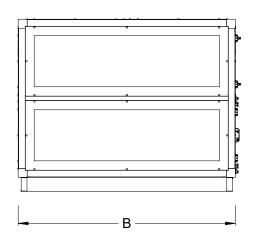
Dimensions and weights

| Dimensions | | | | | | |
|------------|----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| HE-HRU | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| В | mm | 800 (860)* | 1280 (1340)* | 1510 (1570)* | 2110 (2170)* | 2710 (2770)* |
| Н | mm | 1260 (1320)* | 1460 (1520)* | 1660 (1720)* | 1660 (1720)* | 1860 (1920)* |
| L | mm | 2050 (2110)* | 2280 (2340)* | 2600 (2660)* | 2520 (2580)* | 2290 (2350)* |
| Weight | kg | 300 (340)* | 493 (540)* | 658 (719)* | 856 (924)* | 1074 (1170)* |

^{*}Dimensions with 54 mm panel



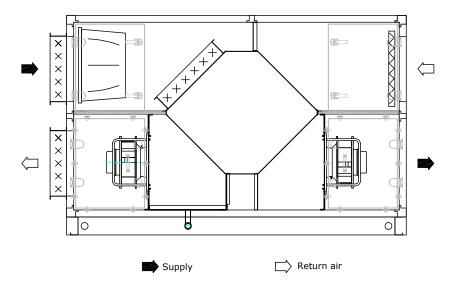




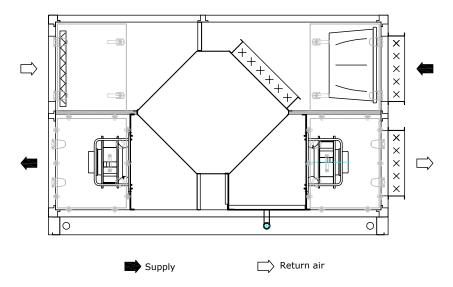


Possible positionings

The HE-HRU series is designed to meet plant engineering flexibility and singularity needs as required for every different application. The units are available with inspection points and couplings on the right side or left side. The side for inspections and couplings must be indicated when making an order. Therefore, depending on your requirements, you can choose from the two available types shown below.



RIGHT INSPECTION SIDE



LEFT INSPECTION SIDE



General technical data

| Model HE-HRU | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Nominal air flow | m³/h | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 8000 |
| External Static Pressure | Pa | 450 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 800 |
| Heat recovery unit | | | | | | |
| Energy Efficiency (3) | | 84.8 | 87.5 | 87.0 | 86.5 | 86.3 |
| Total Heat Recovery Capacity (3) | kW | 1.7 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 10.4 | 13.8 |
| Supply Air Temperature (3) | °C | 26.9 | 26.7 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| Supply Air Humidity (3) | % | 67 | 68 | 68 | 67 | 67 |
| Energy Efficiency (2) | % | 84.7 | 88 | 88.0 | 88.1 | 88.4 |
| Total Heat Recovery Capacity (2) | kW | 7.5 | 15.6 | 31.3 | 47.0 | 62.9 |
| Supply Air Temperature (2) | °C | 16.2 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.1 |
| Sensible Energy Efficiency (4) | % | 78.4 | 83.4 | 83.3 | 83.5 | 84.1 |
| Fans | | | | | | |
| Supply/return fan motor rating | kW | 0.50/0.50 | 0.78/0.78 | 2.50/2.50 | 5.00/5.00 | 5.00/5.00 |
| Supply/return fan nominal current | A | 2.17/2.17 | 3.39/3.39 | 3.80/3.80 | 7.60/7.60 | 7.60/7.60 |
| Power supply | V/Ph/Hz | 230/1/50 | 230/1/50 | 400/3/50 | 400/3/50 | 400/3/50 |
| Airflow Control | | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Filtration | | | | | | |
| Fresh Air Filter | | ISO Coarse 5 | 5% (G4) + ePM2.5 | 70%(F7) - ISO 1689 | 00 | |
| Return Air Filter | | ISO ePM10 50 | 0% (M5) - ISO 1689 | 0 | | |
| Compliance EN 1253/2014 (5) | | - | | | | |
| Unit type | | BVU | | | | |
| Ventilation Control | | Variable turns | | | | |
| Heat Recovery | | Cross-flow red | covery device - Oth | er HRS | | |
| Efficiency | | 78.4 | 83.4 | 83.3 | 83.5 | 84.1 |
| Absorbed power (1) | kW | 0.57 | 0.97 | 2.28 | 3.68 | 4.74 |
| Specific Fan Power | W/m³/s | 538 | 318 | 553 | 661 | 644 |
| Nominal Supply Airspeed | m/s | 0.71 | 0.73 | 1.05 | 1.12 | 1.02 |
| Maximum External Leakage | % | 4.39 | 3.52 | 2.43 | 1.91 | 1.28 |
| Maximum Internal Leakage | % | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Fan Static Efficiency | % | 52.5 | 60.7 | 62.7 | 59.6 | 63.4 |
| Airborne Sound Power Level | dB(A) | 60.9 | 60.9 | 65.5 | 70 | 68.5 |

- (1) Values referring to the base configuration, with available static pressure of 250 Pa
 (2) Performance referring to winter conditions: Fresh air -5°C / 80% Return 20°C / 50%
 (3) Performance referring to summer conditions: Fresh air 32°C / 50% Return 26°C / 50%
 (4) Dry recovery conditions with temperature difference of 20°C between fresh and return air
 (5) Compliance with the Ecodesign Directive entails the presence of differential pressure switches to alert for soiled filters; if not expressly indicated, these accessories must be paid for by the customer





Description and dimensions of accessories

The base unit manages the heat recovery section from two air flows (fresh air and room air), the supply air to the room itself and the discharge of stale air, as well as the filtering of the air flows in question.

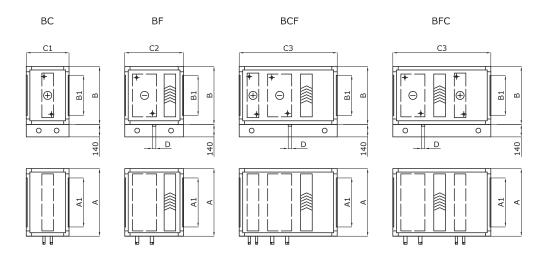
In addition to these functions, you can complete the base unit with additional air handling sections, such as heating, cooling and reheating sections that can be installed downstream of the air supply section according to procedures described below.

Water coils

Downstream of the supply fan section and in line with the various needs required by the air-conditioned area, you can include an additional air handling section with water coils.

According to the required handling, the additional module can be ordered with the following configurations:

- BC: Single heating coil module.
- BF: Single cooling coil module, section including droplet separator and condensation discharge pan.
- BCF: Module with heating coil + cooling coil, section including condensation discharge pan and droplet separator, placed after the cooling coil.
- BFC: Module with cooling coil + reheating coil, section including condensation discharge pan and droplet separator, placed after the cooling coil.



| Coil dimensions BC - BF - BC+BF - BF | +BC | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| HE-HRU Size | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| A | mm | 800 (860)* | 1280 (1340)* | 1510 (1570)* | 2110 (2170)* | 2710 (2770)* |
| В | mm | 580 (640)* | 680 (740)* | 780 (840)* | 780 (840)* | 880 (940)* |
| A1 | mm | 540 | 1020 | 1250 | 1850 | 2000 |
| B1 | mm | 310 | 410 | 510 | 510 | 610 |
| C1 | mm | 480 (540)* | 480 (540)* | 480 (540)* | 480 (540)* | 480 (540)* |
| C2 | mm | 620 (680)* | 620 (680)* | 620 (680)* | 620 (680)* | 620 (680)* |
| C3 | mm | 800 (860)* | 800 (860)* | 800 (860)* | 800 (860)* | 800 (860)* |
| D | ф | 1 1/4" | 1 1/4" | 1 1/4" | 1 1/4" | 1 1/4" |
| BC Weight | Kg | 59 (69)* | 69 (80)* | 83 (94)* | 105 (118)* | 115 (128)* |
| BF Weight | Kg | 107 (119)* | 134 (148)* | 162 (178)* | 210 (230)* | 247 (267)* |
| BC+BF Weight | Kg | 131 (149)* | 148 (162)* | 215 (408)* | 269 (296)* | 311 (345)* |



Re-heating electric heating element (BE)

In particularly harsh climates and where it may be necessary to pre-heat the fresh air using electricity you can (optionally) provide for an electric coil heating element. It is installed prior to the supply filtering section.

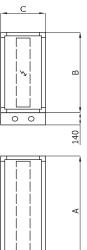
Similarly, under particular external conditions in summer mode, if it is necessary to dehumidify, one very often risks having an air supply temperature that is too low. The same unit with an electric coil can be exploited if it is placed after the handling section in order to increase the supply temperature, thereby improving room comfort.

The electric heating element requires mains power supply with a three-phase 400/3/50 line for all sizes. It is also supplied complete with safety thermostats; line protection and any control relays are the responsibility of the installer.

With both installation types, the heating element can be controlled via the control panel.

| BE - Electric coil | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| HE-HRU Size | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| Electric coil 1 stage | kW | 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 10 |
| Electric coil 2 stages | kW | 4 | 5 | 10 | 14 | 20 |
| Electric coil 3 stages | kW | - | 8 | 15 | 22 | 30 |
| Power supply | V/ph/Hz | 400/3/50 | | | | |
| A | mm | 800 (860)* | 1280 (1340)* | 1510 (1570)* | 2110 (2170)* | 2710 (2770)* |
| В | mm | 580 (640)* | 680 (740)* | 780 (840)* | 780 (840)* | 880 (940)* |
| C | mm | 440 (500)* | 440 (500)* | 440 (500)* | 440 (500)* | 440 (500)* |

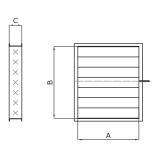




Regulation damper (SE)

The opposed blade aluminium damper, with an extended damper shaft for external servo control mounting, allows the air flow to be controlled or shut down, as required. This accessory can be installed at the fresh air intake, at the air discharge outlet or both. According to requirements, they can be made with manual control or fitted for electronic servo control.

| SE - Regulation damper | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| HE-HRU Size | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| A | mm | 540 | 1020 | 1250 | 1850 | 2000 |
| В | mm | 310 | 410 | 510 | 510 | 610 |
| C | mm | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 |





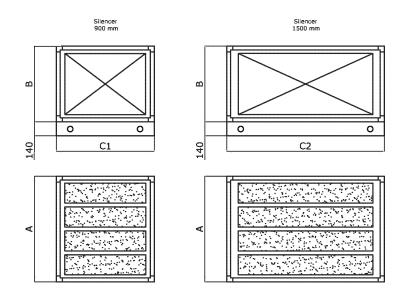
Silencer (SL)

Silencer for the supply and return SL section (the installation of the return silencer is obviously tied to the decision at the same time to have the supply silencer so that they can be installed one on top of the other). The noise reduction unit consists of a galvanised steel housing, containing the sound attenuators made from rockwool, lined externally with erosion-proof fibreglass.

The silencer section is available in 2 lengths: 900 mm or 1500 mm.

| SL-Silencer | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| HE-HRU Size | | 10 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| Α | mm | 800 (860)* | 1280 (1340)* | 1510 (1570)* | 2110 (2170)* | 2710 (2770)* |
| В | mm | 580 (640)* | 680 (740)* | 780 (840)* | 780 (840)* | 880 (940)* |
| C1 | mm | 980 (1040)* | 980 (1040)* | 980 (1040)* | 980 (1040)* | 980 (1040)* |
| C2 | mm | 1580 (1640)* | 1580 (1640)* | 1580 (1640)* | 1580 (1640)* | 1580 (1640)* |

 $^{^*} Dimensions\,with\,54\,mm\,panel$



| SL-Silen | cer with attenuators | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| Octave band | ls | | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 8000 |
| HE-HRU | Noise attenuation SL900mm | dB | 6 | 11 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 16 | 12 | 9 |
| | Noise attenuation SL1500mm | dB | 8 | 16 | 26 | 33 | 35 | 25 | 19 | 15 |



Electronic control

The HE-HRU unit can be fitted with two different regulation systems. The first one, **RIR** (Roccheggiani integrated regulation), is more complete and consists of an on-board control panel plus a remote location touch screen terminal. The second one, **RAC1** (accompanying room regulator), consists of a room regulator fitted with quick access keys for the most common functions.

RIR Regulation

This type of built-in regulation system on the unit enables full control over all possible HE-HRU configurations. A kit consisting of temperature probes, heat recovery unit by-pass actuator and/or pressure switches is linked to the control panel on board the unit, according to the various configurations. As an option, a touch screen terminal can be installed in the relevant area. This element is provided with a temperature and relative humidity probe.

The probes/actuators are mounted on the respective sections and cabled to the electric panel. If a configuration including electric coils is chosen, a supply temperature probe is supplied together and installation is the customer's responsibility.







The following can be fitted as regulation accessories

- fresh air and/or discharge air damper actuators;
- CO2 return probe;
- the relative humidity return probe;
- the supply and return/discharge pressure probes.

The main features are as follows:

- Constant/variable speed: minimum, medium, maximum and automatic speeds can be selected. Automatic speed is available when there are handling coils or a CO2 probe or a relative humidity probe. These three modes are alternatives to each other.
- Steady air flow.
- Variable air flow based on the return air CO2.
- Variable air flow based on return or room relative humidity.
- Variable air flow based on the heating/cooling requirement.
- Steady pressure.
- Possibility to regulate based on the room, return or supply temperature.
- Winter heating/summer cooling (H2O valve) (2-pipe system).
- Only winter heating (H2O valve) (2-pipe system).
- Only summer cooling (H2O valve) (2-pipe system).
- Only winter heating (2-stage electric coil).
- An electric preheating section on fresh air can be added. This feature excludes the presence of an electric heating coil and vice versa.
- Heating (H2O valve) and cooling (H2O valve) (4-pipe system).
- Cooling (H2O valve), heating (H2O valve), dehumidification (4-pipe system).
- Heating (2-stage electric coil) and cooling (H2O valve).
- Cooling (H2O valve), heating (2-stage electric coil), dehumidification.
- Air handling logic on 4-pipe system with double water-coil configuration, with change of season on the first coil.
- Air handling logic on 4-pipe system with water coil + electric coil configuration, with change of season on the first coil.
- Programming time periods

The RIR regulation is provided with the following external connections.

- Ethernet: Bacnet IP, Modbus TCP Master/Slave, Webserver, Ftp Client/Server, SNTP.
- CANBus: CANopen.
- RS485: Modbus RTU o BACnet MS/TP.
- There is a slot for an SD micro memory card that can be used to record data or for storing on Webserver.
- USB programming portals.
- Plug-in RS-232: ASCII (optional).
- Plug-in RS-485: Modbus RTU (optional).
- Plug-in RS-485: Modbus RTU BACnet MSTP (optional).
- Plug-in LONWORKS: LON (optional).
- Plug-in CANBus: CANopen (optional).



Regulation RAC1

The RAC1 regulation consists of a room regulator to which all utilities are connected: fans, actuators, pressure switches and probes.

Therefore, the regulator and the various accessories are supplied together with the HE-HRU unit according to the chosen configuration.

The following accessories go together with the room regulator:

- temperature probes in the flush/duct/wall versions;
- humidity probes in the duct/wall versions;
- the CO2 probe in the duct/wall versions;
- differential pressure switches to detect spoiled filters;
- bypass damper actuator in the 24V AC or 230V AC version;
- fresh air/discharge air damper actuator in the 24V AC or 230V AC version;
- fresh air/discharge air damper manual control;
- 230/24V transformer required to supply power to the auxiliary circuit when accessory CO2 or relative humidity probes are used or modulating valve actuators.

The regulator also has a relative humidity probe in addition to the room temperature

The choice of regulator can be based on the following table.



| | | | REG | SULAT | ΓΙΟΝΙ | RAC1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|--|-----|----------------|-------|------|------|--------|-------|------|------|------|---|---|------|----------------|------|------|
| | | REGULATOR CODE | | G-AME G-AME | / | M | REG | S-AME | 3-V1/ | REG- | AMB- | V1-M | | | | S-AME S-AME | | Л |
| | I/O | REGULATOR MODEL | AHL | J-0xC | SH1(3 | 3) | AHU | J-1xCS | SH1(3 |) | | | | | | G-AME | | Л |
| | AO | CONTROL 0-10V VENTILATION(1) | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | AO | CONTROL 0-10V HOT VALVE | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | AO | CONTROL 0-10V COLD VALVE | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Al | AIR DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE PROBE (for heat recovery unit antifreeze ON/OFF) | • | | | | • | | | | • | | | | • | | | |
| | Al | EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE PROBE | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | Al | SUPPLY TEMPERATURE PROBE | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 2 | Al | RETURN TEMPERATURE PROBE | | • | | | | • | | | | • | | | | • | | |
| CTIO | | ROOM TEMPERATURE PROBE (INSIDE THE REGULATOR) | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| CONTEMPORARY FUNCTIONS | | ROOM HUMIDITY PROBE (INSIDE THE REGULATOR) | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| AR. | Al | ACTIVE CO2 PROBE (0-10V) | | | • | | | | • | | | | • | | | | • | |
| OR, | Al | ACTIVE HUMIDITY PROBE (0-10V) | | | | • | | | | • | | | | • | | | | • |
| IEMP(| DO | HEAT REC. UNIT BYPASS ON/OFF FOR FREE- COOLING/FREE-HEATING | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Z | DO | ELECTRIC COIL ON/OFF ONE STAGE | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | • | • | • | • |
| ö | DO | EXTERNAL DAMPER/S(2) ON/OFF | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | DI | SELECTABLE BETWEEN: remote season change, remote ON/OFF, generic alarm, generic filter contact, supply filter contact, return filter contact, total shut down alarm contact, fan alarm contact | • | • | • | • | •(4) | •(4) | •(4) | •(4) | • | • | • | • | •(4) | •(4) | •(4) | •(4) |
| | DI | SELECTABLE BETWEEN: remote season change, remote ON/OFF, generic alarm, generic filter contact, supply filter contact, return filter contact, total shut down alarm contact, fan alarm contact | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |

NB. The REG-AMB models which have a cooling coil + heating coil configuration can perform cooling/heating/dehumidification + post-heating. In post-heating mode, the supply regulation probe is followed

⁽¹⁾ Both the supply and return air fans are controlled by the same analogue output. In order to control them separately, you need two analogue outputs.

⁽²⁾ If there are two dampers, they must be controlled via the same digital output.

⁽⁴⁾ the safety thermostat contact of the electric coil must be brought to the analogue input while the digital input must be set as the total shut down alarm contact.



Product performance HE-HRU 10

| | ance referring to a return temperature of 20°C | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| ъe | Efficiency | % | 86.3 | 84.7 | 82.6 | 79.7 |
| rrat J m³ | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 9.3 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 4.2 |
| Flow rate 1000 m³h | Fresh air temperature | °C | 15.9 | 16.2 | 16.5 | 17.0 |
| <u>т</u> - | R.H. of fresh air | % | 13.0 | 18.0 | 26.0 | 36.0 |
| | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with summer settin | ng | | | | |
| erform | ance referring to a return temperature of 26°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H. |
| te گ | Efficiency | % | 85.0 | 84.8 | 84.6 | 84.6 |
| Flow rate 1000 m³h | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 0.3 |
| Flo 100 | Fresh air temperature | °C | 27.4 | 26.9 | 26.6 | 26.2 |
| | R.H. of fresh air | % | 77 | 67 | 61 | 53 |
| | al capacity of a 2-row heating coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| leating | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | 4000/000/ D :: | E00/000/ D.I. | 000/000/ D.I/ | =0.0/0.00/ E :: |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| Water 35°C - 30°C | Total Capacity | kW | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| ater - 30 | Supply temperature | °C | 25.2 | 25.3 | 25.5 | 25.6 |
| 2° ≤ | Waterflow | m³h | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.8 |
| Water 45°C - 40°C | Total Capacity | kW | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.9 |
| ater - 40 | Supply temperature | °C | 31.5 | 31.7 | 31.8 | 32.0 |
| Š, Ć | Waterflow | m³h | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 13.7 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 12.8 |
| ပ် | Total Capacity | kW | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| ater - 60 | Supply temperature | °C | 44.9 | 45.1 | 45.2 | 45.5 |
| Water 70°C - 60°C | Waterflow | m³h | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 2 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.7 |
| Therma | al capacity of a 6-row cooling coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| Heating | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | 0=00/=00/ D.U. | 2000/200/ 5.11 | 0000/E00/ E II | 0=00/=00/ B II |
| | Fresh air conditions | 1344 | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H. |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 10.19 | 8.29 | 7.22 | 5.87 |
| Water 7°C-12°C | Sensitive capacity | kW | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| C ≪a | Supply temperature | °C | 15.18 | 14.6 | 14.24 | 13.76 |
| ۷. | Waterflow | m³h | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 30.6 | 21.2 | 16.6 | 11.5 |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 8.15 | 6.28 | 5.25 | 4.2 |
| 15°. | Sensitive capacity | kW | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Water 10°C - 15°C | Supply temperature | °C | 17.34 | 16.77 | 16.42 | 15.8 |
| 10, | Waterflow | m³h | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 7.2 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 20.5 | 12.9 | 9.4 | 6.3 |
| | al capacity of an electric coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| Heating | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | 1000/6-21 | =00/05°/ = ·· | ****** | = 0.045 = 11 |
| | Fresh air conditions | 1300 | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | | | | | | |

°C 27,8

kW 1-3-4

V Ph Hz 400/3/50

2

N°

28,1

1-3-4

400/3/50

2

Supply temperature Number of stages

Capacity step

Power supply

28,9

1-3-4

400/3/50

2

28,4

1-3-4

400/3/50

2



| | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with wir | ter setting | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Perforn | nance referring to a return temperature of 20°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| ite l³h | Efficiency | % | 89.3 | 88 | 86.6 | 84.7 |
| v 7a 0 m | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 19.25 | 15.6 | 12.19 | 8.86 |
| Flow rate 2000 m³h | Fresh air temperature | °C | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.3 | 17.7 |
| | R.H. of fresh air | % | 12.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 34.0 |
| Therm | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with sur | nmer setting | | | | |
| erforn | nance referring to a return temperature of 26°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H |
| e E | Efficiency | % | 87.7 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.3 |
| Flow rate 2000 m³h | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 5.2 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 0.6 |
| -low | Fresh air temperature | °C | 27.1 | 26.7 | 26.5 | 26.1 |
| - '' | R.H. of fresh air | % | 78 | 68 | 61 | 53 |
| Γherm | al capacity of a 2-row heating coil at nominal | flow rate | | | | |
| leating | performance considering the contribution of the r | ecovery unit | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| ပွ | Total Capacity | kW | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.7 |
| Water 35°C - 30°C | Supply temperature | °C | 25.9 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 26.1 |
| Š Š | Waterflow | m³h | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 35 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 7.8 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| Ö | Total Capacity | kW | 10.5 | 10.41 | 10.3 | 13.5 |
| Water 45°C - 40°C | Supply temperature | °C | 32.4 | 32.5 | 32.6 | 32.4 |
| | Waterflow | m³h | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 20.2 | 19.9 | 19.5 | 18.2 |
| Ö | Total Capacity | kW | 19.9 | 19.9 | 19.7 | 19.6 |
| ter 60° | Supply temperature | °C | 46.5 | 46.5 | 46.6 | 46.7 |
| Water 70°C - 60°C | Waterflow | m³h | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 2 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 18.4 | 18.3 | 18.1 | 17.9 |
| Therm | al capacity of a 6-row cooling coil at nomina | flowrate | | | | |
| | performance considering the contribution of the r | | | | | |
| ioating | Fresh air conditions | scovery unit | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 22.95 | 19.04 | 16.53 | 13.48 |
| Ö | Sensitive capacity | kW | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| ater - 12 | Supply temperature | °C | 13.5 | 13.08 | 12.82 | 12.5 |
| Water 7°C-12°C | Waterflow | m³h | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| 7 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 38.1 | 27.3 | 21.2 | 14.8 |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 18.55 | 14.68 | 12.18 | 9.59 |
| S | Sensitive capacity | kW | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
| ater - 15 | Supply temperature | °C | 15.95 | 15.55 | 15.31 | 14.85 |
| Water 10°C - 15°C | Waterflow | m³h | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| _ | Water pressure drop | kPa | 26.0 | 17.2 | 12.3 | 8.1 |
| There | al connective of an electric acil at new in all flow | roto | | | | |
| | al capacity of an electric coil at nominal flow performance considering the contribution of the r | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | Joorer y unit | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| Touting | | kW | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 C/60 % K.H. |
| Touring | Total Canacity | KVV | J | | | |
| Touting | Total Capacity Supply temperature | °C | 28 7 | 28.0 | | |
| Tourng | Supply temperature | °C | 28,7 | 28,9 | 29,2 | 29,6 |
| | | °C N° kW | 28,7 2 3-5-8 | 28,9 2 3-5-8 | 29,2 2 3-5-8 | 29,6 2 3-5-8 |



| \£ | nal capacity of the heat recovery unit with winter s | ottilig | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|----------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| ertorr | nance referring to a return temperature of 20°C Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| | | % | 89.2 | | 86.5 | 84.6 |
| Flow rate 4000 m³h | Efficiency | | | 88.0 | | |
| N 50 | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 38.4 | 31.3 | 24.4 | 17.7 |
| 400 400 | Fresh air temperature | °C | 16.7 | 17.0 | 17.3 | 17.7 |
| | R.H. of fresh air | % | 12.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 34.0 |
| herm | nal capacity of the heat recovery unit with summe | rsetting | | | | |
| erforr | mance referring to a return temperature of 26°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H. |
| a c | Efficiency | % | 87.1 | 87.0 | 86.9 | 86.8 |
| n ag | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 10.4 | 7.0 | 4.6 | 1.2 |
| Flow rate 4000 m³h | Fresh air temperature | °C | 27.2 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 26.1 |
| ⊤ 4 | R.H. of fresh air | % | 78 | 68 | 61 | 53 |
| herm | nal capacity of a 2-row heating coil at nominal flow | / rate | | | | |
| | g performance considering the contribution of the recove | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 11.1 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.2 |
| 30° | Supply temperature | °C | 25.0 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 25.3 |
| Water 35°C - 30°C | Waterflow | m³h | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| 32° | Water pressure drop | kPa | 10.7 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.3 |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 18.5 | 18.34 | 18.2 | 23.9 |
| Water 45°C - 40°C | Supply temperature | °C | 30.5 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 31.0 |
| | Waterflow | m³h | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 26.75 | 26.3 | 25.8 | 25.3 |
| () | Total Capacity | kW | 36.0 | 35.8 | 35.6 | 34.4 |
| 90°C | Supply temperature | °C | 43.5 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 43.2 |
| Nate C | Waterflow | m³h | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Water 70°C - 60°C | Water pressure drop | kPa | 25.4 | 25.1 | 24.9 | 23.4 |
| | | | | | | |
| | nal capacity of a 6-row cooling coil at nominal flov | | | | | |
| leating | g performance considering the contribution of the recover | ery unit | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H. |
| () | Total Capacity | kW | 41.44 | 34.26 | 29.28 | 23.94 |
| er 12°(| Sensitive capacity | kW | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.2 |
| Water 7°C-12°C | Supply temperature | °C | 14.91 | 14.35 | 14 | 13.51 |
| ٧. | Waterflow | m³h | 7.1 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 4.1 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 36.0 | 25.7 | 19.4 | 13.6 |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 33.24 | 26.15 | 21.35 | 17.09 |
| Water 10°C - 15°C | Sensitive capacity | kW | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 |
| C- Nat | Supply temperature | °C | 17.11 | 16.57 | 16.21 | 15.06 |
| 10 | Waterflow | m³h | 5.7 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 2.9 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 24.3 | 15.9 | 11.1 | 7.4 |
| herm | nal capacity of an electric coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| eating | performance considering the contribution of the recove | ery unit | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| | | °C | 27,9 | 28,2 | 28,5 | 28,9 |
| | Supply temperature | | | | | |
| | Supply temperature Number of stages | N° | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | | 2 5-10-15 | 2 5-10-15 | 2 5-10-15 | 2 5-10-15 |



| Therm | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with v | vinter setting | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Perform | nance referring to a return temperature of 20°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| a c | Efficiency | % | 89.3 | 88.1 | 86.5 | 84.7 |
| / rat J m³ | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 57.7 | 47.0 | 36.6 | 26.6 |
| | Fresh air temperature | °C | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.3 | 17.7 |
| T 0 | R.H. of fresh air | % | 12.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| Therm | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with s | ummer setting | | | | |
| Perform | nance referring to a return temperature of 26°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H |
| e E | Efficiency | % | 86.7 | 86.5 | 86.5 | 86.3 |
| Flow rate 6000 m³h | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 15.6 | 10.4 | 6.9 | 1.7 |
| -low | Fresh air temperature | °C | 27.2 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 26.1 |
| ш Ф | R.H. of fresh air | % | 78 | 67 | 61 | 53 |
| Therm | al capacity of a 2-row heating coil at nomi | nal flow rate | | | | |
| leating | performance considering the contribution of th | e recovery unit | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| ပွ | Total Capacity | kW | 15.6 | 15.0 | 14.7 | 14.4 |
| Water 35°C - 30°C | Supply temperature | °C | 24.3 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 24.8 |
| န္က ပ် | Waterflow | m³h | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| 35 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| Ö | Total Capacity | kW | 27.4 | 27.16 | 26.9 | 36.5 |
| Water 45°C - 40°C | Supply temperature | °C | 30.4 | 30.5 | 30.6 | 30.8 |
| | Waterflow | m³h | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 12.66 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 11.8 |
| Ö | Total Capacity | kW | 52.2 | 52.0 | 51.7 | 51.2 |
| Water 70°C - 60°C | Supply temperature | °C | 42.7 | 42.8 | 42.9 | 43.0 |
| Water °C - 60 | Waterflow | m³h | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| 2 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 11.6 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.2 |
| Therm | al capacity of a 6-row cooling coil at nomi | nal flow rate | | | | |
| | performance considering the contribution of th | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 63.84 | 51.69 | 44.82 | 36.47 |
| ွ | Sensitive capacity | kW | 25.9 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 26.2 |
| /ate - 12 | Supply temperature | °C | 14.58 | 14.02 | 13.72 | 13.27 |
| Water 7°C-12°C | Waterflow | m³h | 11.0 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 6.3 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 14.3 | 9.8 | 7.6 | 5.3 |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 51.03 | 38.78 | 32.44 | 26.01 |
| J. C | Sensitive capacity | kW | 21.3 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 22.0 |
| Water 10°C - 15°C | Supply temperature | °C | 16.87 | 16.37 | 16.02 | 15.38 |
| S 0 ≥ | Waterflow | m³h | 8.8 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 4.5 |
| _ | Water pressure drop | kPa | 9.6 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 2.9 |
| Therm | al capacity of an electric coil at nominal flo | ow rate | | | | |
| | performance considering the contribution of th | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| | Supply temperature | °C | 27,7 | 27,9 | 28,2 | 28,6 |
| | Number of stages | N° | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Capacity step | kW | 8-14-22 | 8-14-22 | 8-14-22 | 8-14-22 |



| | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with winter setting | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| Perform | nance referring to a return temperature of 20°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | | |
| lte l³h | Efficiency | % | 89.7 | 88.4 | | |
| ^ n 0 m | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 77.4 | 62.9 | | |
| Flow rate 8000 m³h | Fresh air temperature | °C | 16.9 | 17.1 | | |
| | R.H. of fresh air | % | 12.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| Therm | al capacity of the heat recovery unit with summer settin | g | | | | |
| erform | ance referring to a return temperature of 26°C | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | 30°C/50% R.H. | 27°C/50% R.H. |
| a L | Efficiency | % | 86.5 | 86.3 | 86.3 | 86.1 |
| Flow rate 8000 m³h | Thermal recovery capacity | kW | 20.7 | 13.8 | 9.2 | 2.3 |
| %O00 | Fresh air temperature | °C | 27.2 | 26.8 | 86.3 | 26.1 |
| ш ю | R.H. of fresh air | % | 78 | 67 | 61 | 53 |
| herm | al capacity of a 2-row heating coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 21.0 | 20.7 | | 19.1 |
| 30° | Supply temperature | °C | 24.7 | 24.8 | | 24.9 |
| Water 35°C - 30°C | Waterflow | m³h | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 2.9 | 2.9 | | 2.5 |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 36.8 | 36.55 | 36.2 | 49.0 |
| Water 45°C - 40°C | Supply temperature | °C | 30.6 | 30.7 | 30.9 | 31.1 |
| Water °C - 40 | Waterflow | m³h | 6.3 | 6.3 | | 6.1 |
| 45° | Water pressure drop | kPa | 7.91 | 7.8 | | 7.5 |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 69.5 | 69.3 | 69 | 68.5 |
| Water 70°C - 60°C | Supply temperature | °C | 42.8 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 43.2 |
| Water °C - 60 | Waterflow | m³h | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 5°C/60% R.H 19.1 24.9 3.3 2.5 49.0 31.1 6.1 7.5 68.5 43.2 5.9 7.0 27°C/50% R. 48.99 34.8 13.32 8.4 11.4 34.89 |
| 02 | Water pressure drop | kPa | 7.1 | 7.1 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | al capacity of a 6-row cooling coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| leating | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | 0=00/=00/ B !! | 0000/F00/ D.II | 0000/F00/ D.U | 0=00/=00/ B !! |
| | Fresh air conditions | | 35°C/50% R.H. | 32°C/50% R.H. | | |
| 0 | Total Capacity | kW | 84.65 | 68.93 | | |
| ter 12°(| Sensitive capacity | kW | 34.3 | 34.8 | | |
| Water 7°C-12°C | Supply temperature | °C | 14.66 | 14.08 | | |
| 702 | Waterflow | m³h | 14.6 | 11.855 | | |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 30.1 | 20.9 | | |
| O | Total Capacity | kW | 68.06 | 52.44 | | |
| ter 15° | Sensitive capacity | kW | 28.3 | 28.6 | | |
| Water 10°C - 15°C | Supply temperature | °C | 16.9 | 16.35 | | |
| 10 | Waterflow | m³h | 11.7 | 9.0 | | 85.2 35.6 17.8 26.0 27°C/50% R. 86.1 2.3 26.1 53 5°C/60% R.H 19.1 24.9 3.3 2.5 49.0 31.1 6.1 7.5 68.5 43.2 5.9 7.0 27°C/50% R. 48.99 34.8 13.32 8.4 11.4 34.89 29.1 15.46 6.0 6.2 |
| | Water pressure drop | kPa | 20.4 | 12.8 | 9.3 | 35.6 17.8 26.0 27°C/50% R.H. 86.1 2.3 26.1 53 5°C/60% R.H. 19.1 24.9 3.3 2.5 49.0 31.1 6.1 7.5 68.5 43.2 5.9 7.0 27°C/50% R.H. 48.99 34.8 13.32 8.4 11.4 34.89 29.1 15.46 6.0 6.2 |
| Therm | al capacity of an electric coil at nominal flow rate | | | | | |
| Heating | performance considering the contribution of the recovery unit | | | | | |
| | Fresh air conditions | | -10°C/80% R.H. | -5°C/80% R.H. | 0°C/80% R.H. | 5°C/60% R.H. |
| | Total Capacity | kW | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| | Supply temperature | °C | 28,1 | 28,3 | | |
| | Number of stages | N° | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Capacity step | kW | 10-20-30 | 10-20-30 | 10-20-30 | 10-20-30 |
| | Power supply | V Ph Hz | 400/3/50 | 400/3/50 | 400/3/50 | 400/3/50 |
| | | | | | | |



Noise levels

| ound powers | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| HE-HRU 10 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB(A) |
| Supply | 74 | 63 | 73 | 64 | 59 | 51 | 49 | 44 | 62.9 |
| Return | 74 | 69 | 80 | 70 | 69 | 67 | 62 | 59 | 75.6 |
| Unit external radiation | 59 | 54 | 67 | 56 | 52 | 50 | 46 | 24 | 60.9 |
| HE-HRU 20 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB(A) |
| Supply | 65 | 57 | 65 | 65 | 60 | 56 | 53 | 48 | 61.8 |
| Return | 67 | 63 | 73 | 71 | 73 | 71 | 66 | 63 | 77.2 |
| Unit external radiation | 52 | 48 | 60 | 57 | 56 | 54 | 50 | 28 | 60.9 |
| HE-HRU 40 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB(A) |
| Supply | 65 | 61 | 72 | 69 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 57 | 63 |
| Return | 68 | 67 | 78 | 75 | 78 | 75 | 71 | 69 | 81.8 |
| Unit external radiation | 53 | 52 | 65 | 61 | 61 | 58 | 55 | 34 | 65.5 |
| HE-HRU 60 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB(A) |
| Supply | 69 | 65 | 72 | 73 | 69 | 66 | 60 | 57 | 69 |
| Return | 71 | 71 | 80 | 79 | 82 | 81 | 765 | 72 | 86.4 |
| Unit external radiation | 56 | 56 | 67 | 65 | 65 | 64 | 60 | 37 | 70 |
| HE-HRU 80 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB (A) |
| Supply | 68 | 64 | 75 | 72 | 67 | 63 | 59 | 59 | 66.6 |
| Return | 71 | 71 | 81 | 78 | 81 | 78 | 74 | 72 | 84.8 |
| Unit external radiation | 56 | 56 | 68 | 64 | 64 | 61 | 58 | 37 | 68.5 |

Note
The sound levels refer to the individual base unit in nominal working conditions with useful static pressure of 300 Pa. If the unit is installed under conditions other than nominal test conditions, the sound levels may be subject to changes. Tolerance +/- 4dB

| Sound pressure | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| HE-HRU 10 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB(A) |
| Supply | 66,1 | 55,1 | 65,1 | 56,1 | 51,1 | 43,1 | 41,1 | 36,1 | 59,2 |
| Return | 66,1 | 61,1 | 72,1 | 62,1 | 59,1 | 54,1 | 51,1 | 67,7 | 61,1 |
| Unit external radiation | 51,1 | 46,1 | 59,1 | 48,1 | 44,1 | 42,1 | 46 | 16,1 | 53,0 |
| HE-HRU 20 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB (A) |
| Supply | 57,1 | 49,1 | 57,1 | 57,1 | 52,1 | 48,1 | 45,1 | 40,1 | 57,9 |
| Return | 59,1 | 55,1 | 65,1 | 63,1 | 63,1 | 58,1 | 55,1 | 69,3 | 65,1 |
| Unit external radiation | 44,1 | 40,1 | 52,1 | 49,1 | 48,1 | 46,1 | 50 | 20,1 | 53,0 |
| HE-HRU 40 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB (A |
| Supply | 57,1 | 53,1 | 64,1 | 61,1 | 56,1 | 52,1 | 48,1 | 49,1 | 62,4 |
| Return | 60,1 | 59,1 | 70,1 | 67,1 | 67,1 | 63,1 | 61,1 | 73,9 | 70,1 |
| Unit external radiation | 45,1 | 44,1 | 57,1 | 53,1 | 53,1 | 50,1 | 55 | 26,1 | 57,6 |
| HE-HRU 60 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB (A |
| Supply | 61,1 | 57,1 | 64,1 | 65,1 | 61,1 | 58,1 | 52,1 | 49,1 | 66,4 |
| Return | 63,1 | 63,1 | 72,1 | 71,1 | 73,1 | 68,1 | 64,1 | 78,5 | 74,1 |
| Unit external radiation | 48,1 | 48,1 | 59,1 | 57,1 | 57,1 | 56,1 | 60 | 29,1 | 62,1 |
| HE-HRU 80 | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | dB (A) |
| Supply | 60,1 | 56,1 | 67,1 | 64,1 | 59,1 | 55,1 | 51,1 | 51,1 | 65,4 |
| Return | 63,1 | 63,1 | 73,1 | 70,1 | 70,1 | 66,1 | 64,1 | 76,9 | 73,1 |
| Unit external radiation | 48,1 | 48,1 | 60,1 | 56,1 | 56,1 | 53,1 | 58 | 29,1 | 60,6 |

Note

The sound levels refer to the individual base unit in nominal working conditions with useful static pressure of 300 Pa. If the unit is installed under conditions other than nominal test conditions, the sound levels may be subject to changes. Tolerance +/- 4dB

